Novel TB Drugs Medical Need & Current Developments

Andreas Diacon DST/NRF Centre of Excellence for Biomedical TB Research Stellenbosch University, Cape Town, South Africa Task Applied Science



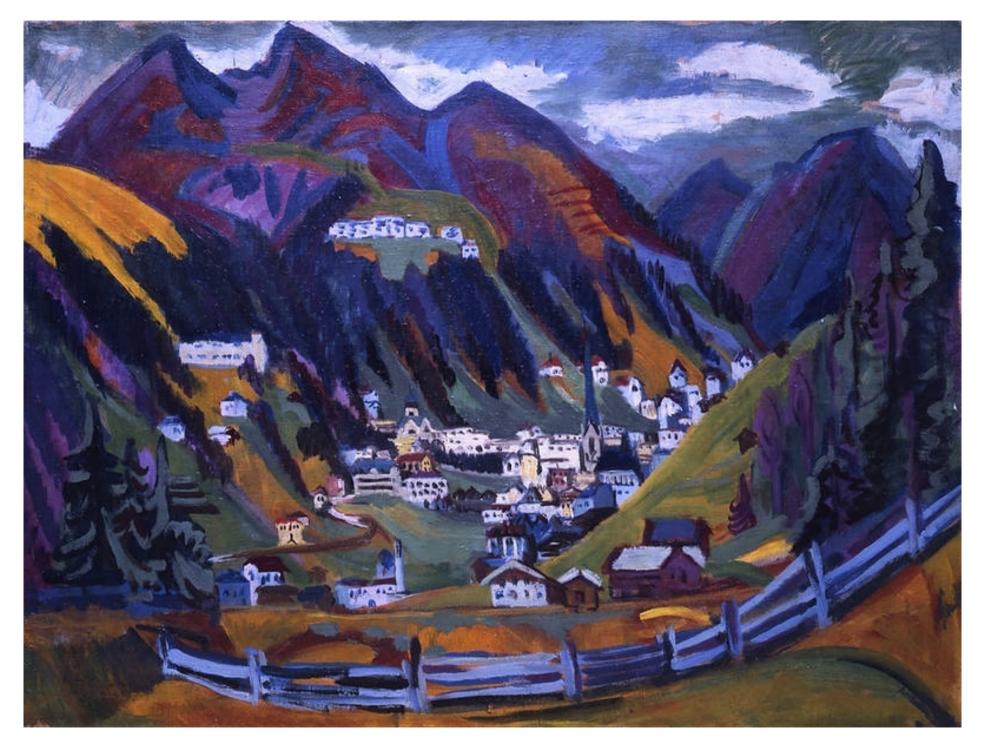
2ND REGULATORY WORKSHOP NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN DRUG REGULATION PRETORIA 2014



TB in a nutshell

- TB infection is frequent
 - Only 10% develop active TB disease
 - Two billion people latent TB
- HIV increases TB infection and disease
 - TB #1 cause of death in HIV
- Treatment 6/12 with 4/2-drug combo
- Increasing drug resistance
 - Resistant to RIF & INH = MDR-TB
 - MDR & resistant to inject & FQ = XDR-TB



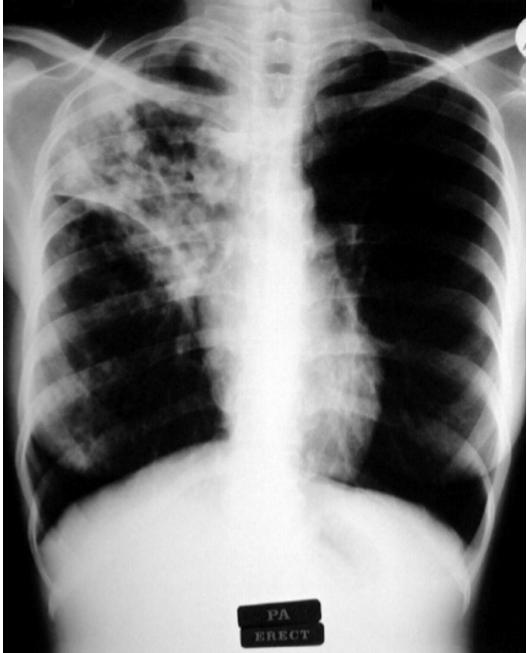


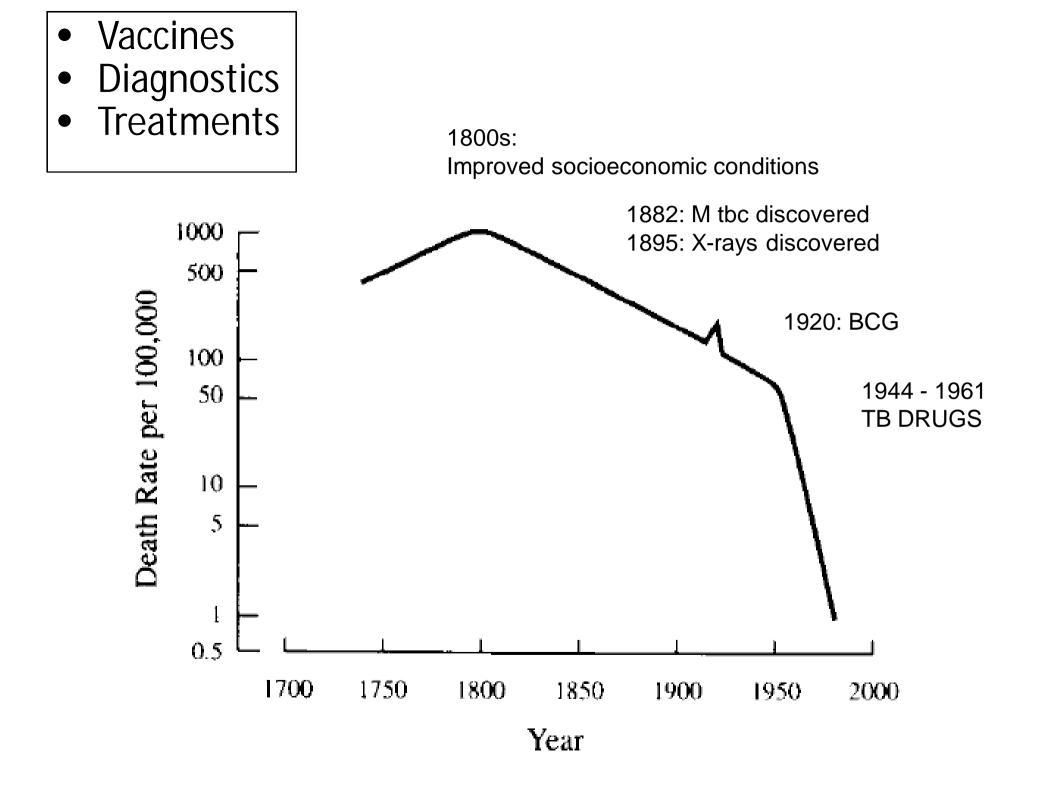
Ernst Ludwig Kirchner. Blick auf Davos. 1924. BündnerKunstmuseumChur, Switzerland

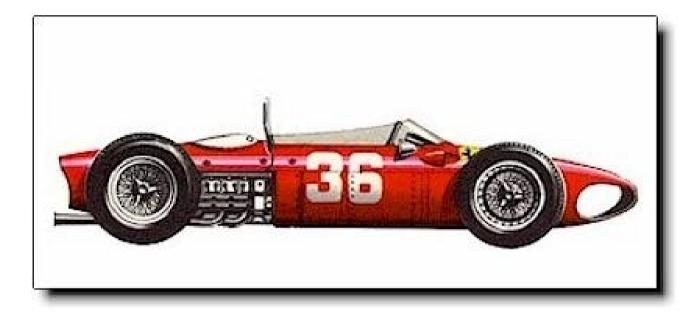


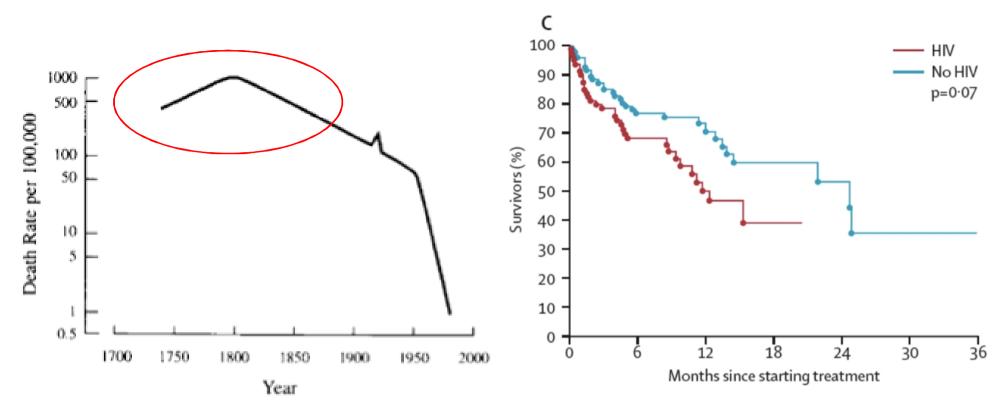
The Magic Mountain

- Sunlight
- Nutrition
- Supine









HIV negative cases with active TB

Pre-chemotherapy era:

• 10-year fatality rate 70%

Tiemersma EW. 2011. PLoS ONE 6(4): e17601.

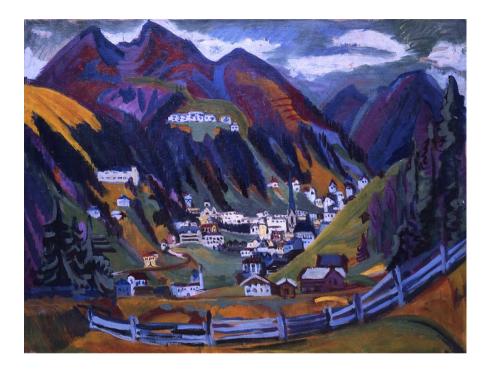
XDR TB Western Cape:

• 3-year fatality rate 60%

Dheda et al. Lancet 2010;375:1798-807

Consumption

HIV & XDR TB



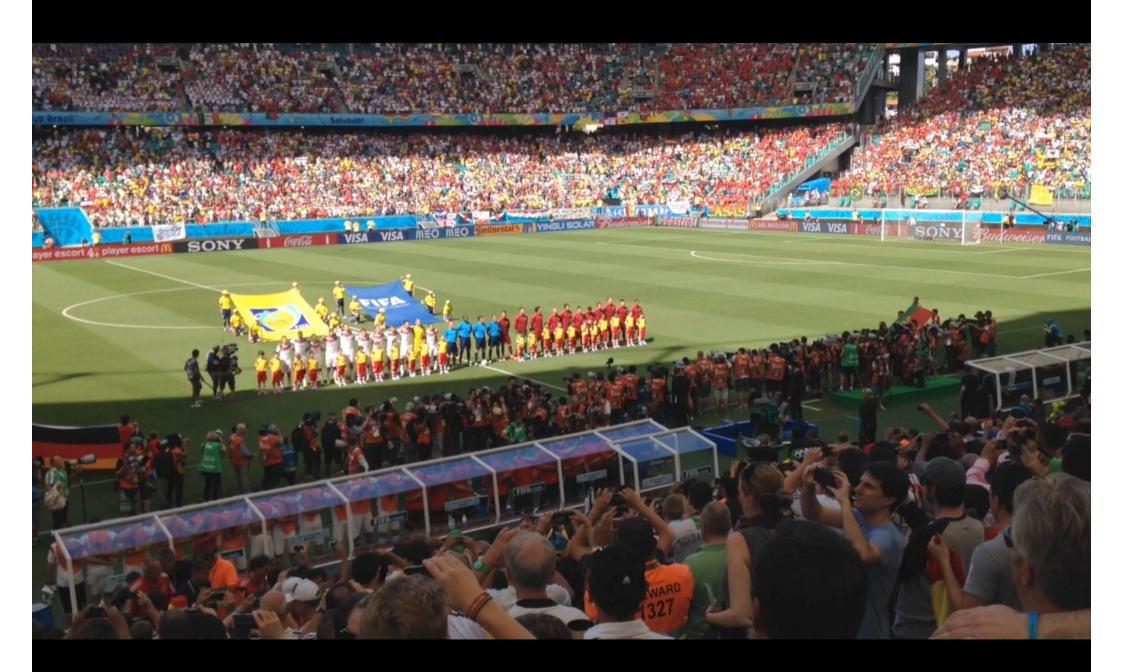


Switzerland:

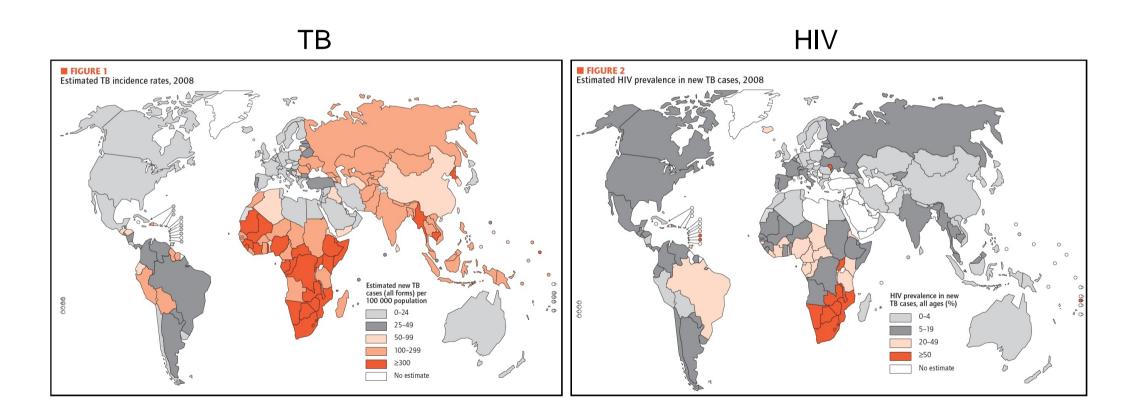
- 7/100,000
- EU: 17/100,000 per year

Cape Town:

- 28,000 TB cases pa (24,000 PTB)
- 10% children (<8 years)
- TB notification rate 2012: 990/100,000
- MDR 1,500/year (estimate)
- XDR 100/year (estimate)







WHO/HTM/TB/2009.426

Need new drugs

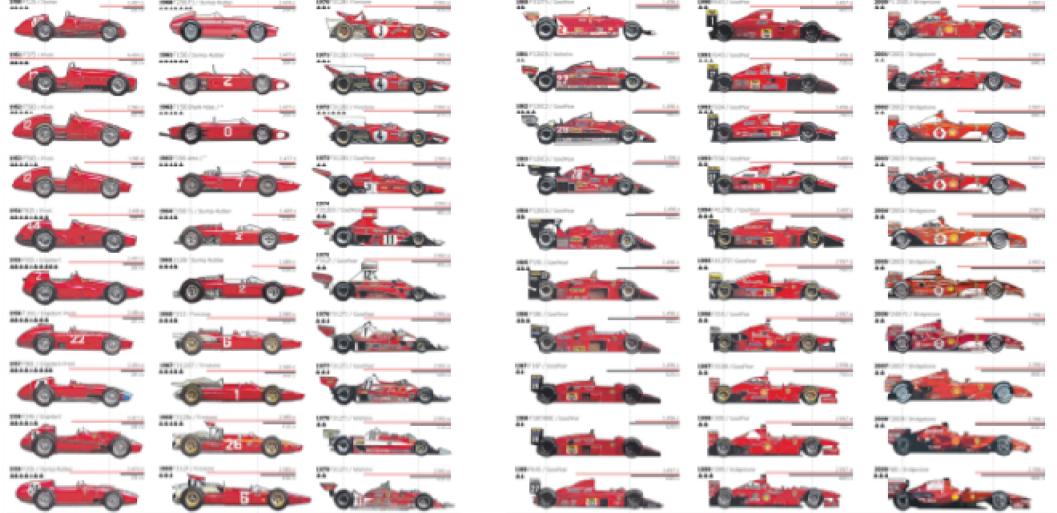






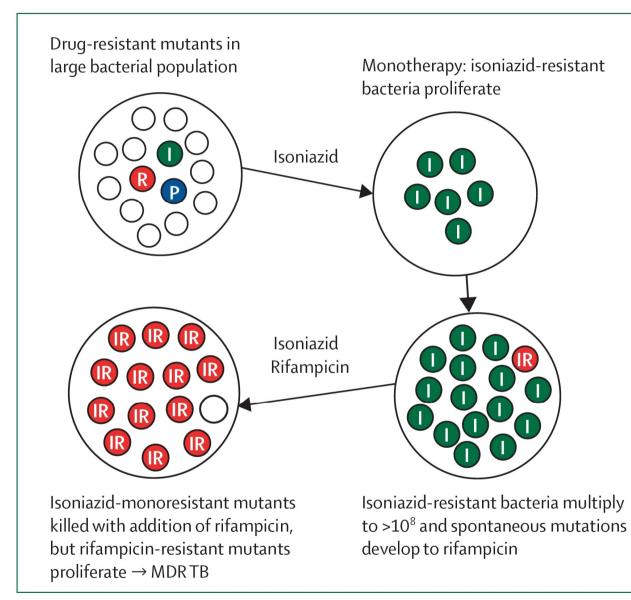
2013

Ferrari F1 - 1950 to 2013 continuous process of innovation and testing



CARD COMPANY OR A CONTRACT DISTRIBUTION OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER.

Resistance is always present



Drug	Rate	
INH	1 x 10 ⁶	
RIF	1 x 10 ⁹	
EMB	1 x 10 ⁵	
PZA	1 x 10 ⁵	

No monotherapy for active TB! Acquired -> transmitted resistance

Gandhi et al Lancet 2010;375:1830

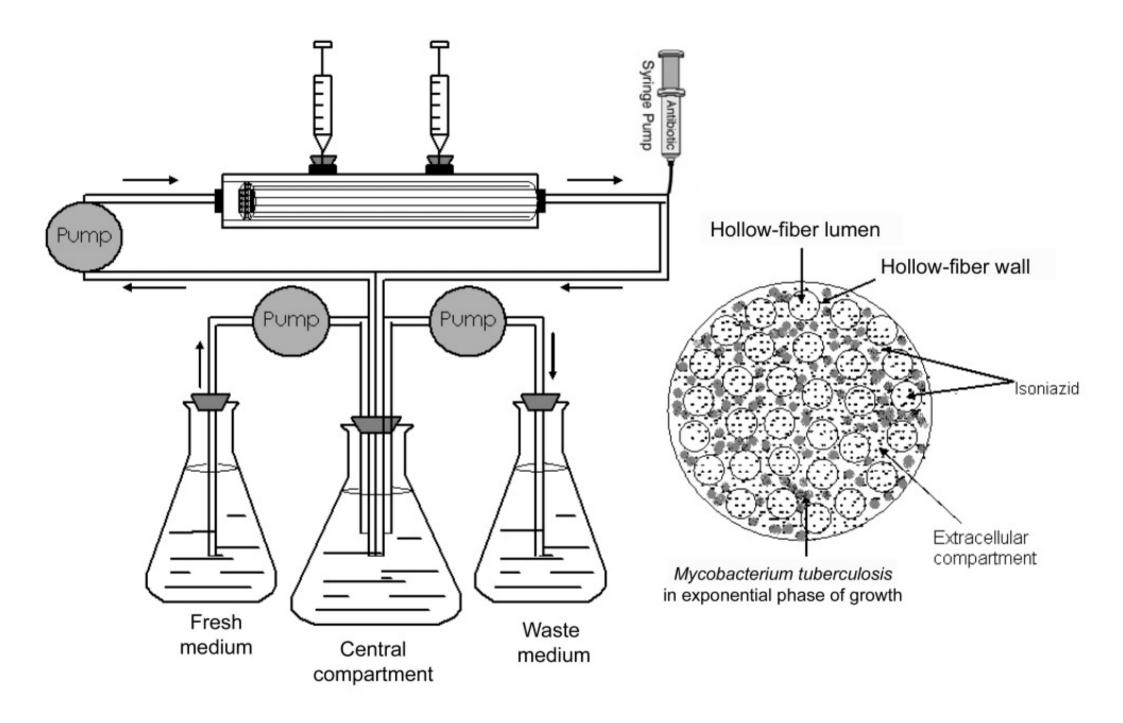
Combination treatment prevents monotherapy Drug resistance from poor compliance?



Hollow Fiber Model

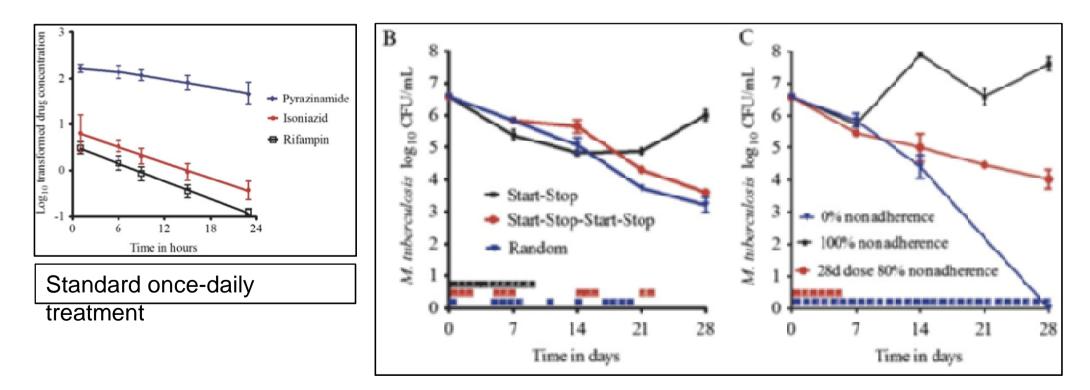
Gumbo et al JID 2007:195;194-201 Srivastava et al JID 2011:204; 1951-9





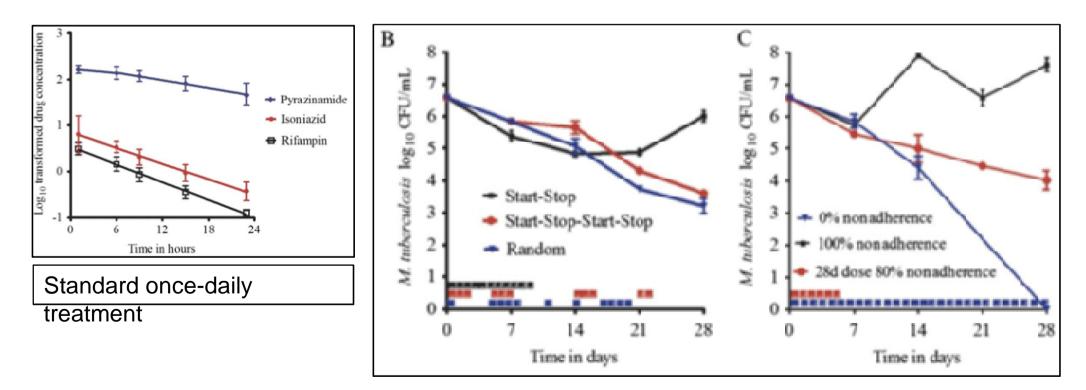
How quick does non-compliance cause MDR TB?

- Fast and slow growing bacteria
- 0.5% INH-resistant, 0.5% RIF-resistant
- Treated with HRZ at human serum levels
- Poor compliance patterns as seen in practice
- Weekly harvesting to measure resistance



How quick does non-compliance cause MDR TB?

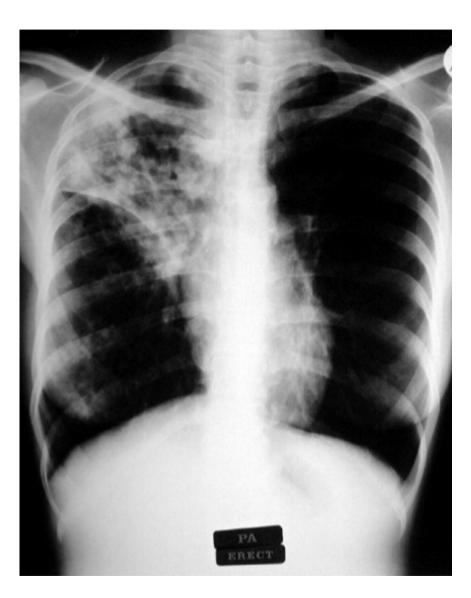
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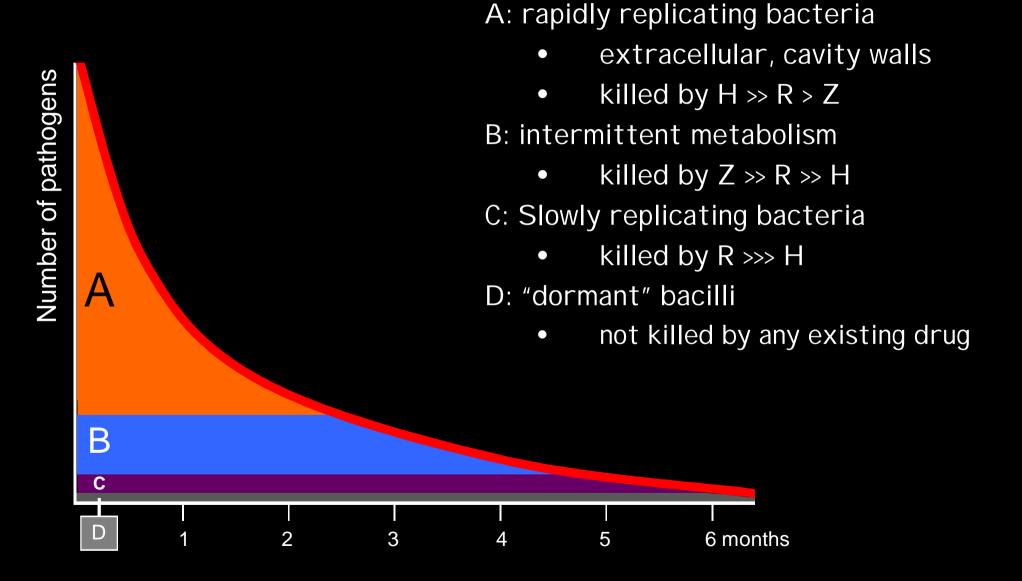
No increase in % resistant bacteria; no MDR-TB

Other factors

- Within patient variability
 - Cavity walls, fibrosis
 - Drug levels at site of action?
- Between patient variability
 - Absorption/elimination
 - Lower levels in HIV, females
- Bacterial subpopulations
 - Persisters ...

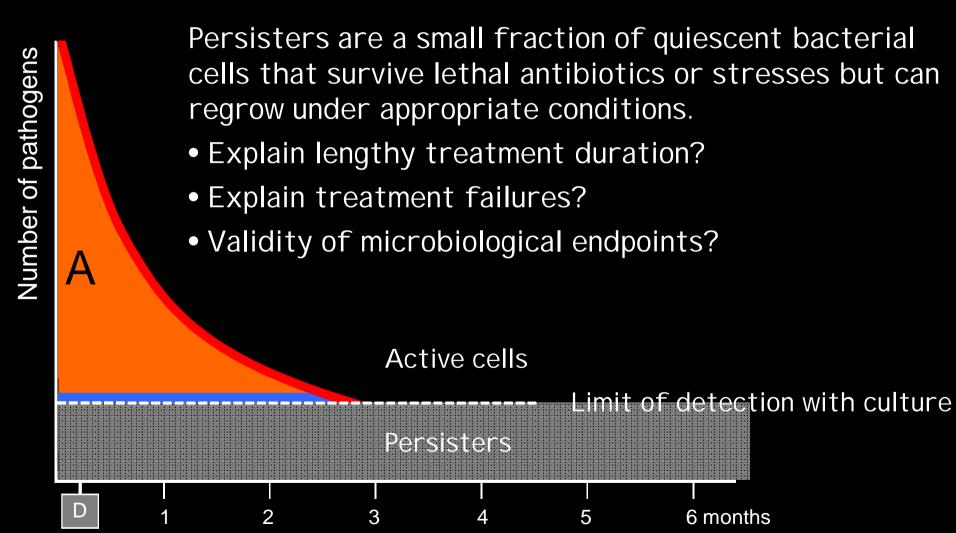


Different populations killed by different drugs



Gomes & McKinney. Tuberculosis 2004;48:29

Persisters – the "biofilm form"



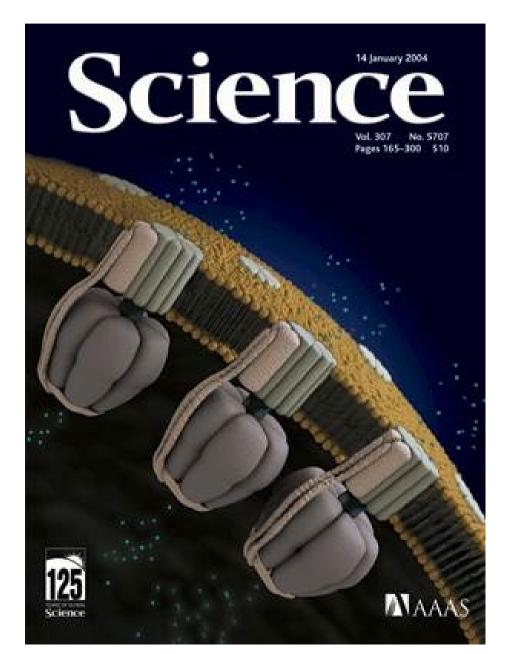
Zhang. Emerging Microbes and Infections (2014) 3, e3; doi:10.1038/emi.2014.3

TB drugs innovation and testing - Bedaquiline

Bedaquiline (TMC207, J, Sirturo)

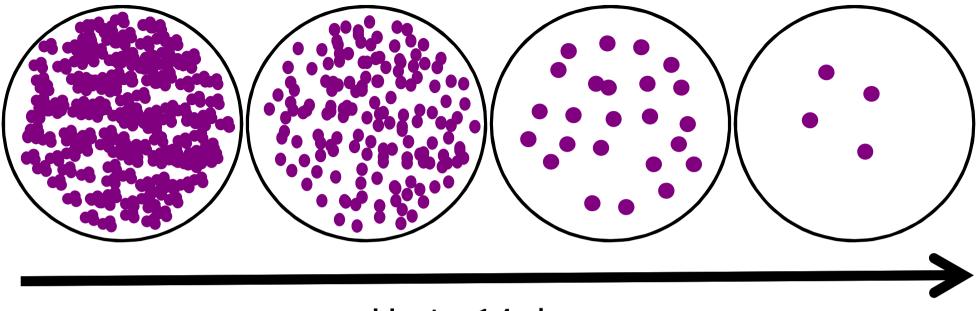
- Unique mechanism of action
- Mycobacterial ATP synthase
- Switches off energy production

Andries et al. Science 2004. A Diarylquinoline Drug Active on the ATP Synthase of Mycobacterium tuberculosis

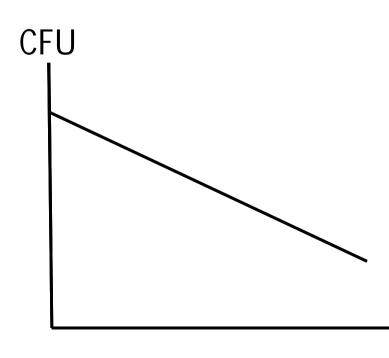


28 June 2005 First TMC207 dose to a TB patient





Up to 14 days

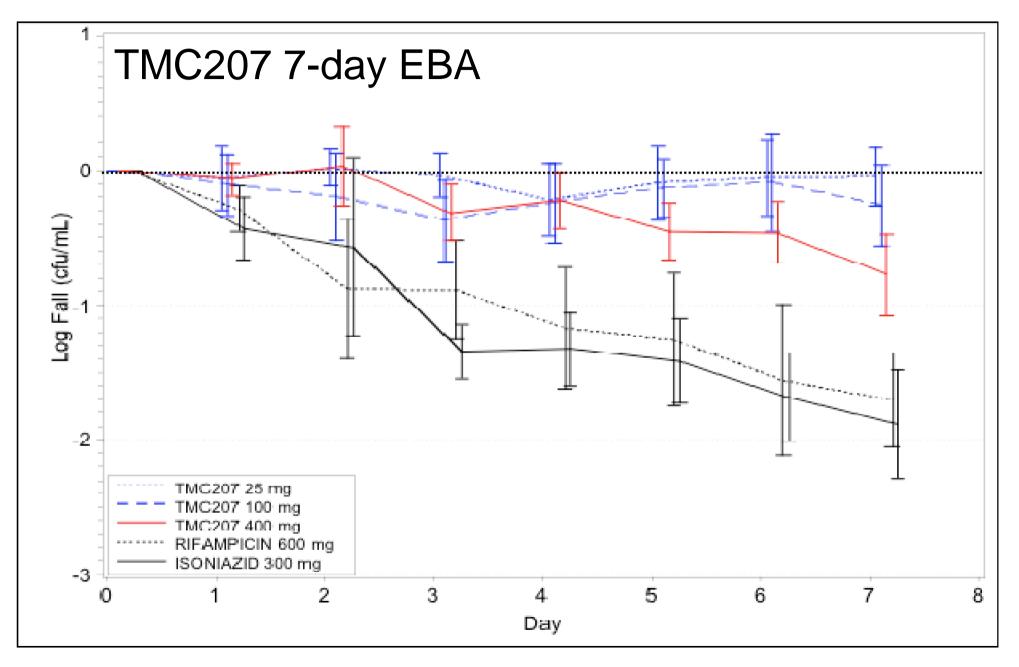


Early bactericidal activity study:

- Fall of logCFU per ml of sputum per day
- Proof of concept for drugs or regimens
- In hospital for safety
- Maximum 7 day run-in phase
- Full course after study

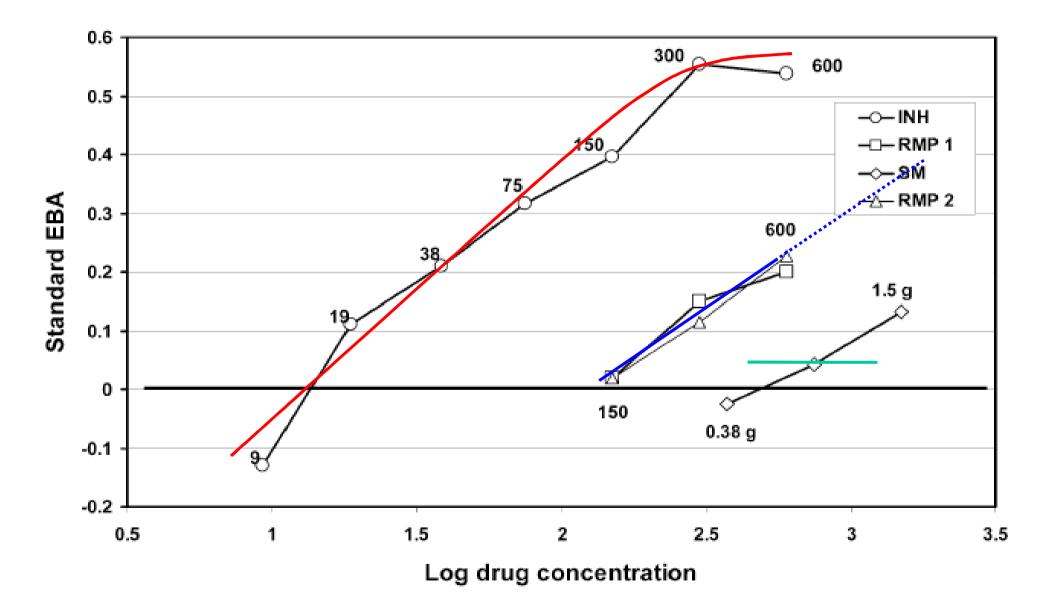
Days

Proof of concept



Antimicrob Agents Chemother. 2008;52:2831

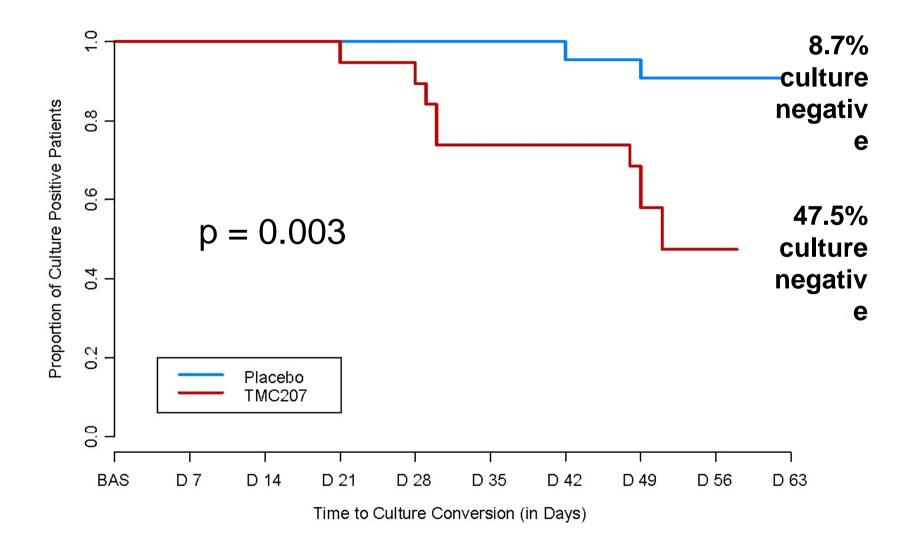
EBA for dose ranging PK-PD



Sirgel FA, Fourie PB, Donald PR, et al. Am J Respir Crit Care Med 2005;172:128-135

TMC207 400mg for 8 weeks

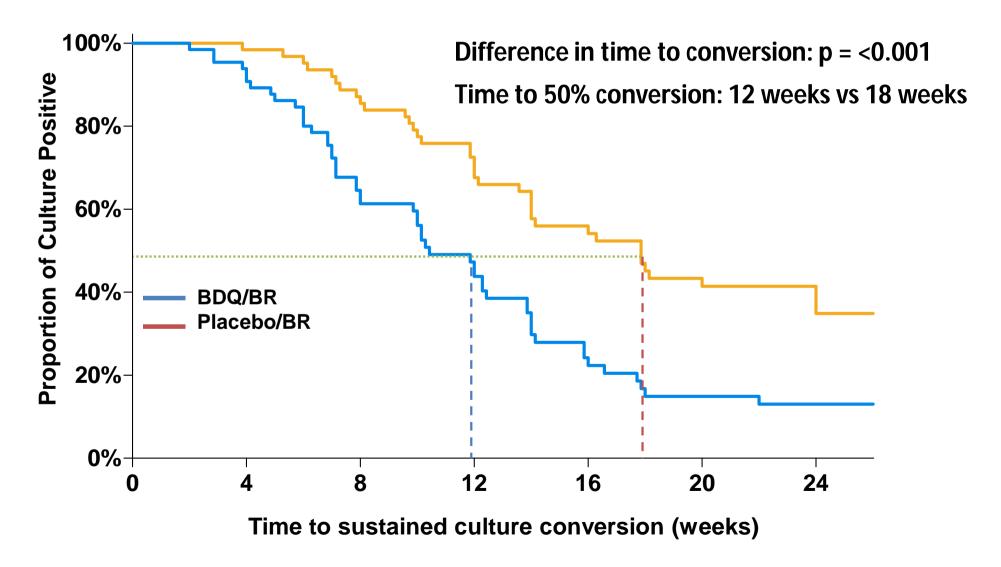
MDR regimen + placebo vs MDR regimen + TMC207 Sustained culture conversion in liquid media, n=44



Diacon et al, N Engl J Med. 2009;360:2397-405

TMC207 400mg for 24 weeks

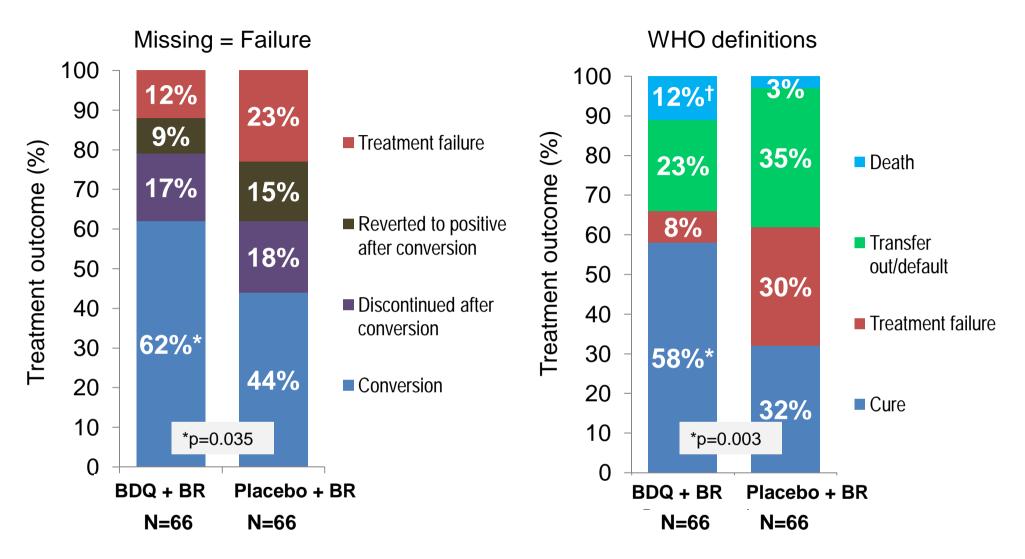
MDR regimen + placebo vs MDR regimen + TMC207 Sustained culture conversion in liquid media, n=132



P-value from Cox proportional model adjusting for strata

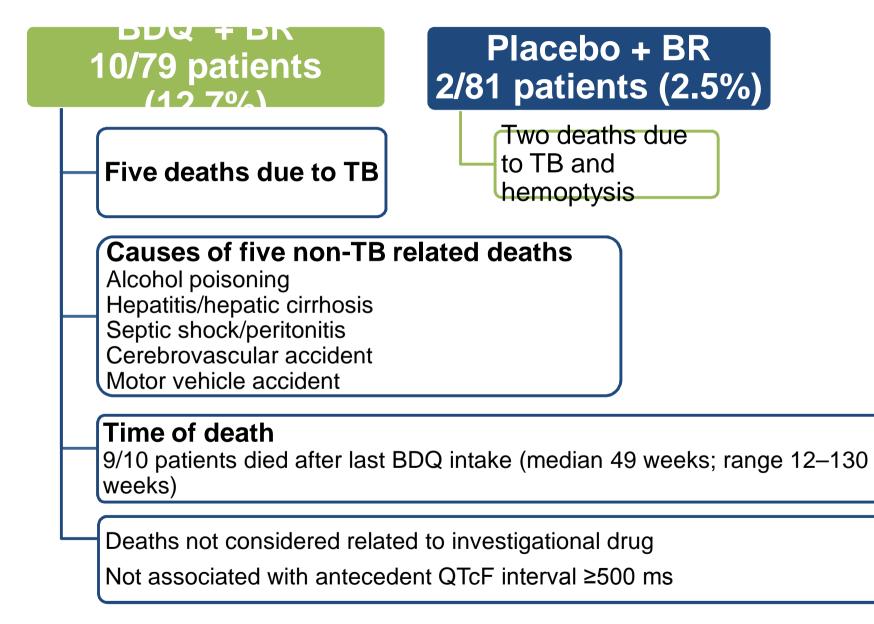
Source: Janssen Research & Developme

Outcome at study end: surrogate vs clinical endpoints



- Median duration of treatment: BDQ 92 weeks, placebo 94 weeks
- 2 vs 16 acquired more resistance
- 0 vs 7 developed pre-XDR or XDR-TB profile
- Unexplained excess deaths in the BDQ group late in follow-up

Overall deaths (ITT)



Meta-analysis of 9,153 MDR-TB patients: 15% mortality¹

Dec 3 2012 (7y, 5m, 5d later) FDA hearing – "sufficient proof of efficacy and safety"

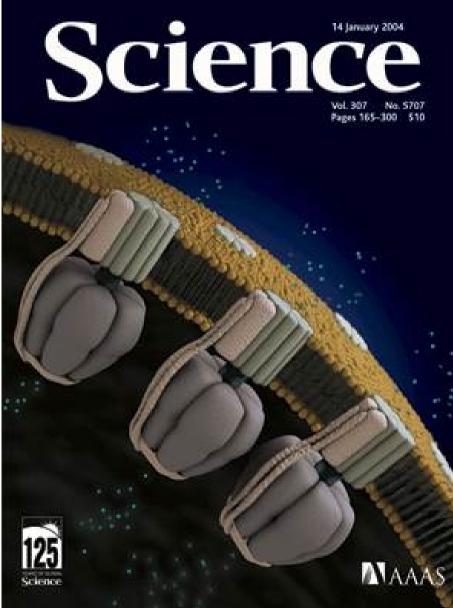


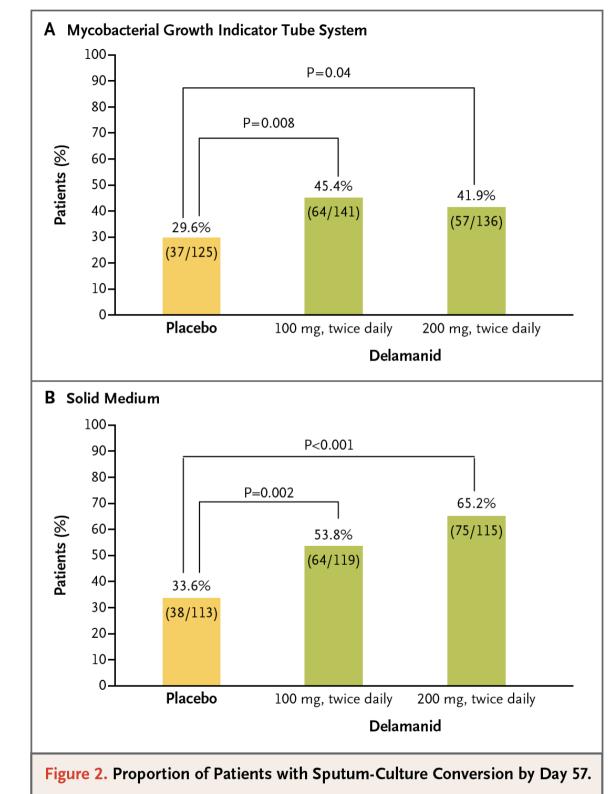
BDQ FDA approved for MDR TB 31 Dec 2012

Phenotypic screening

Fishing mission







DELAMANID (Otsuka)

• MDR

- •DLM added for 8 weeks
- Improved culture conversion
- Subgroup treated for 26 wks

•Better survival

- Phase 3 results pending
 Including HIV-MDR
- EMA approval in Nov 2013
 Paediatric study started
 2014

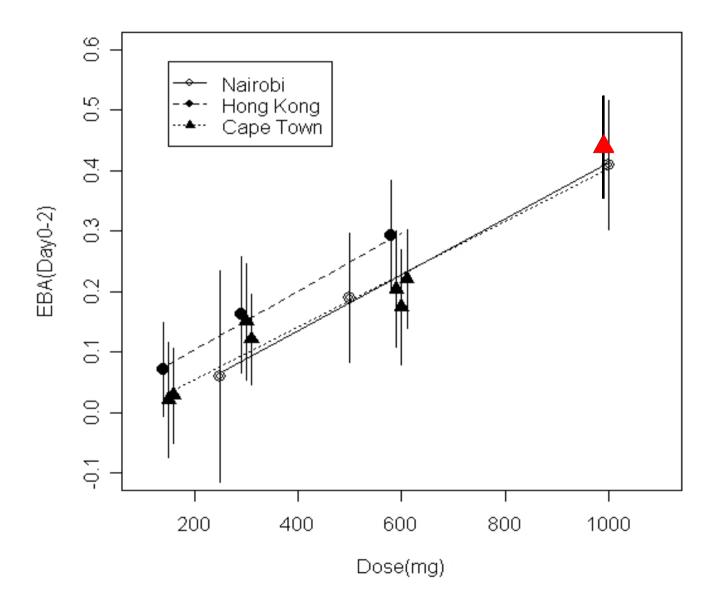
Gler et al. NEJM 2012;23:366 Skripconoka et al. ERJ

RIFAMPICIN 1955



2-day activity of RIF

Linear dose response curve (consistent results over >30 years)



Chan et al, Tuber Lung Dis 1992;73:33; Jindani et al, AJRCCM 1980;121:939; Sirgel et al, JAC 1993;32:867; Sirgel et al, JAC 2000;45:859-70; Sirgel et al, AJRCCM 2005;172:128-35; Diacon et al, AAC 2007;5:2994

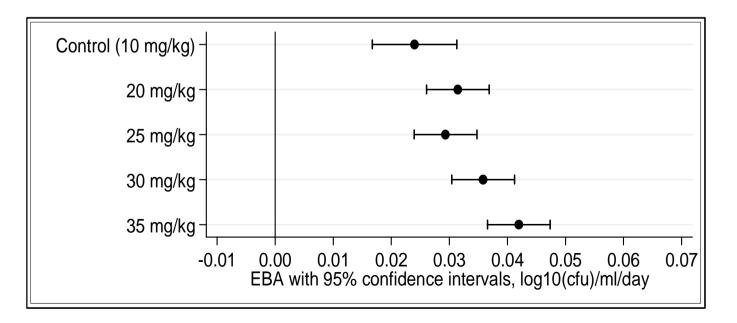


High Dose RIF EBA

• RIF monotherapy for 7 days, then RIF+HZE for 7 days

Group	AUC 0-24 (h* mg/L)	
	Geometric mean	Min - max
10 mg/kg (control)	26	21 – 41
20 mg/kg	113	77 – 162
25 mg/kg	135	92 – 228
30 mg/kg	189	85 – 436
35 mg/kg	254	178 –355
40 mg/kg	started	

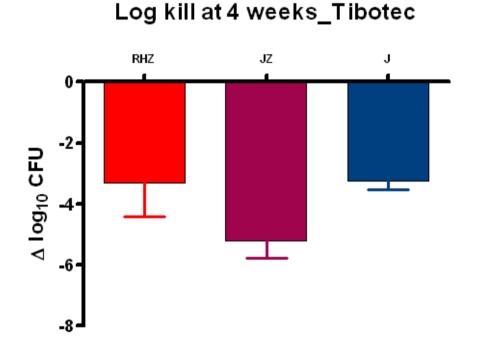
>10-fold increase in mean AUC from 10 to 35 mg/kg

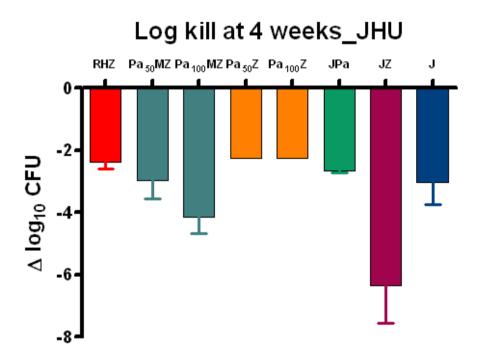


Increasing 14-day activity



Bactericidal Activity Over 4 Weeks in Mice

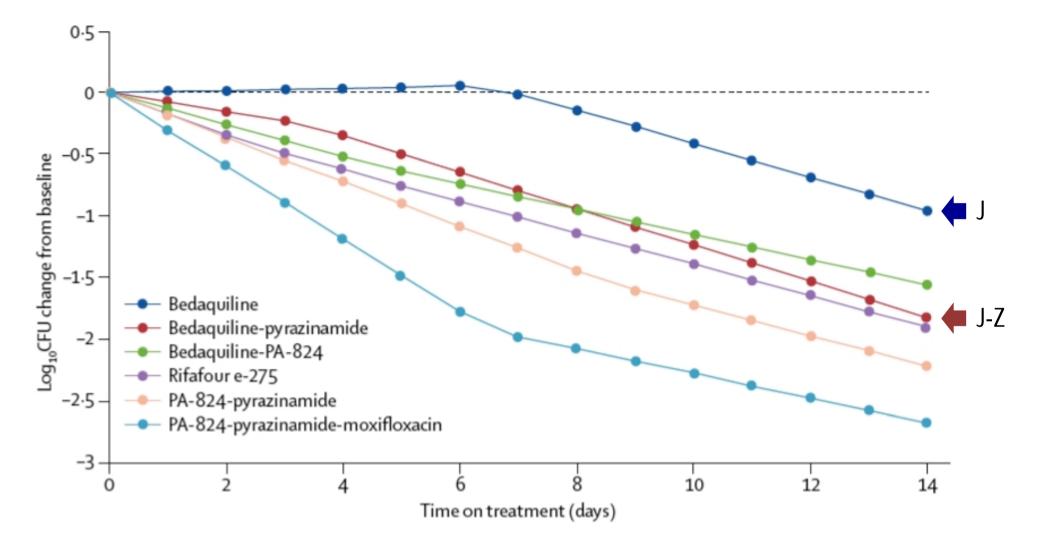




Andries et al, Science (2005); 307:223 Ibrahim et al, AAC (2007); 51:1011 Lounis et al, AAC (2008); 52:3568 Nuermbergeret al, AAC (2008); 52:1522 Tasneen et al, AAC (2011); 55:5485-92

NC-001 Combination 14-day EBA study

- Confirms murine combination results in humans
- Pa-M-Z at least as good as standard treatment



Diacon et al, Lancet 2012;380:986

Trials

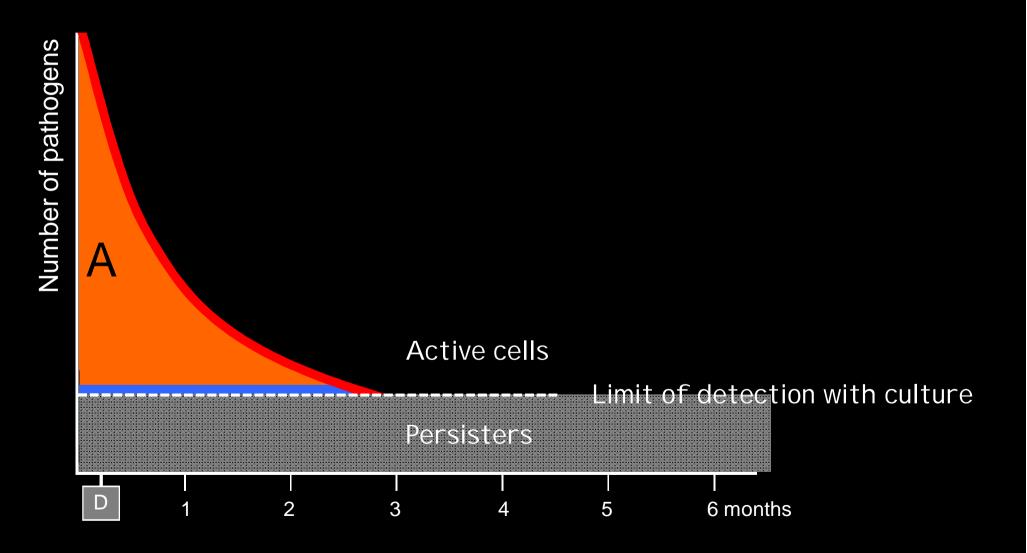
• Phase 3

- Fluoroquinolones to reduce treatment to 4/12 (RemoxTB)
- Delamanid in MDR TB ± HIV
- Pa-M-Z
- BDQ Phase III replace injectable
- Phase 2
 - 8-weeks: Rifapentine, SQ109, RIF 20mg/kg, RIF 35mg/kg, BDQ-Pa-Z
 - 2-weeks
 - Linezolid-analogues
 - RIF up to 40mg/kg
 - Betalactams (meropenem, faropenem)

• Phase 1

- Interaction studies with ARVs
- QT studies of TB drug combinations (BDQ DEL)
- **PK**
 - Delamanidpaediatric program

Persisters?



Zhang. Emerging Microbes and Infections (2014) 3, e3; doi:10.1038/emi.2014.3

THE FATE OF MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS IN MOUSE TISSUES AS DETERMINED BY THE MICROBIAL ENUMERATION TECHNIQUE

BY ROBERT M. MCCUNE, JR., M.D., RALPH TOMPSETT, M.D., AND WALSH MCDERMOTT, M.D.

(From the Departments of Medicine and Public Health and Preventive Medicine, The New York Hospital---Cornell Medical Center, New York)

(Received for publication, July 5, 1956)

- INH/PZA treatment for ≥12 weeks cured mice with TB
 - nothing could be cultured from tissue
 - no infection could be transmitted to guinea pigs
- Several months later animals were ill again
 - fully sensitive to INH/PZA
- Corticosteroids accelerated relapse

McCune et al. J Exp Med 1956;104:763

Persisters

- Drug tolerant, slow metabolizing, non-replicating cells
 - RIF tolerant, can only grow in sensitive liquid culture media
 - Do not grow on agar plates no CFU
- "Fat and Lazy" (Gartonet al 2007)
 - Present in sputum
 - Metabolic shift towards accumulating fat
 - Stain with Nile Red (lipid bodies) and Auramine (cell wall)

Dhillon et al. JAC 2014;69:437 Dhillon et al. BMC Infect Dis 2004;4:51 Garton*et al.* PLOS Med 2008;5:e75 Hu*et al.* J Bacteriol 2000;182:6358 Wakamoto *et al.* Science 2013;339:91 Gomez, McKinney. Tuberculosis 2004;84:29 Dhar, McKinney. Curr Op Microbiol 2007;10:30

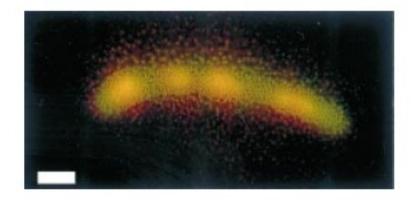
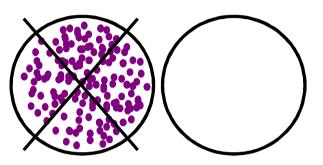
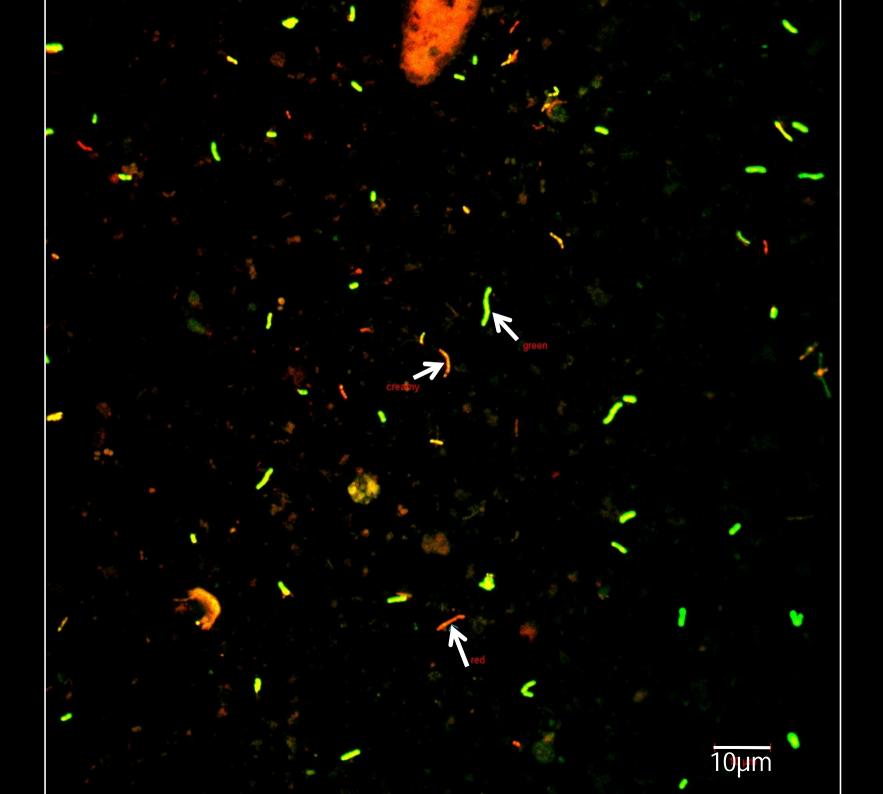


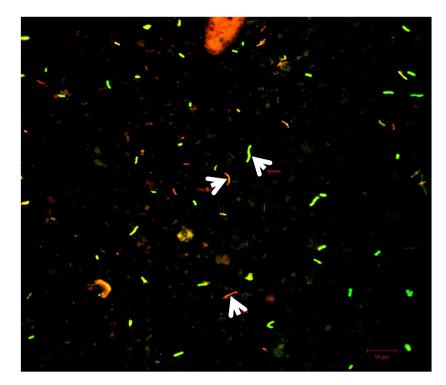
Fig. 4. Image of an acid-fast cell containing intracellular lipid inclusions in a sputum sample from a patient with clinical tuberculosis. The cell is dual-labelled with Auramine O and Nile red. Bar, 2 μ m.

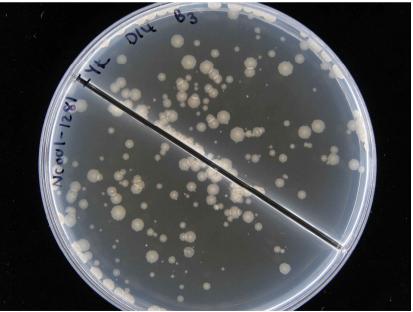


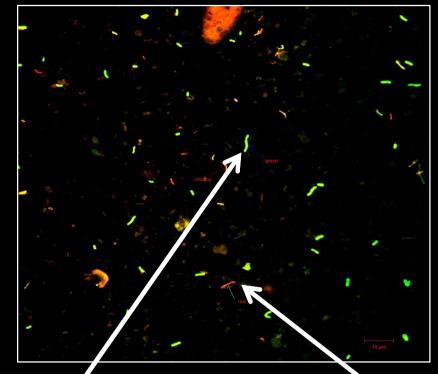


Rifampicin 10mg/kg for 14 days

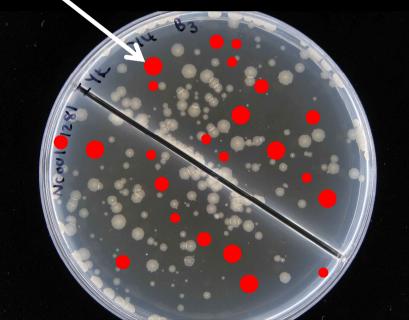
- Cell counts and cultures
 - Active bacteria
 - Represented by green cells
 - Produce CFU
 - Killed by RIF
 - Persisters
 - Represented by red cells
 - Do not produce CFU
 - RIF tolerant





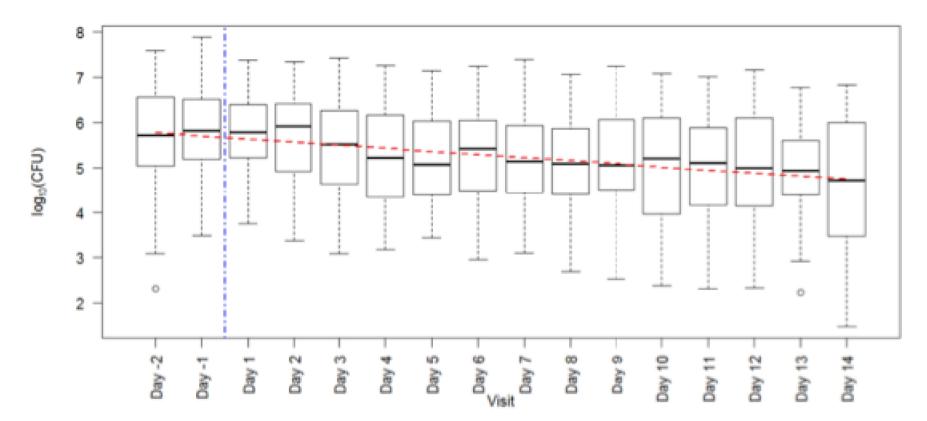




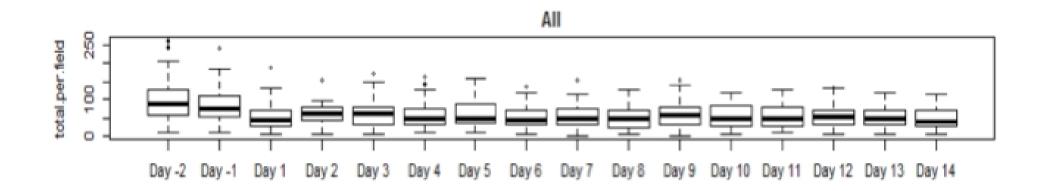


Unmask the invisible CFU = persisters

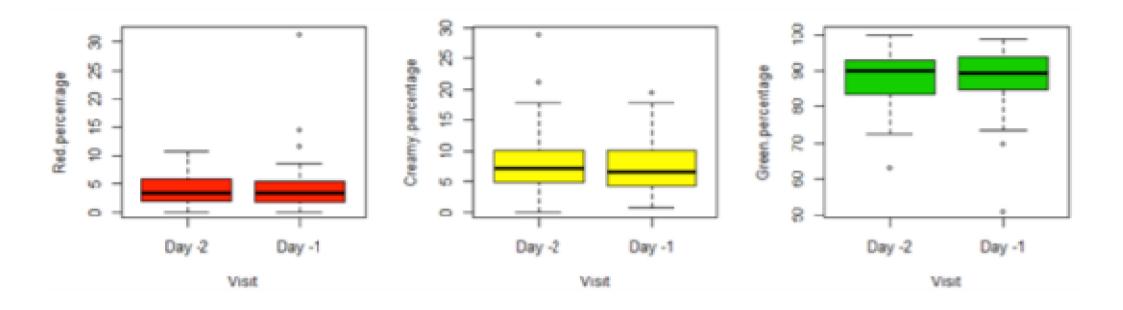
Rifampicin 10mg/kg for 14 days - CFU



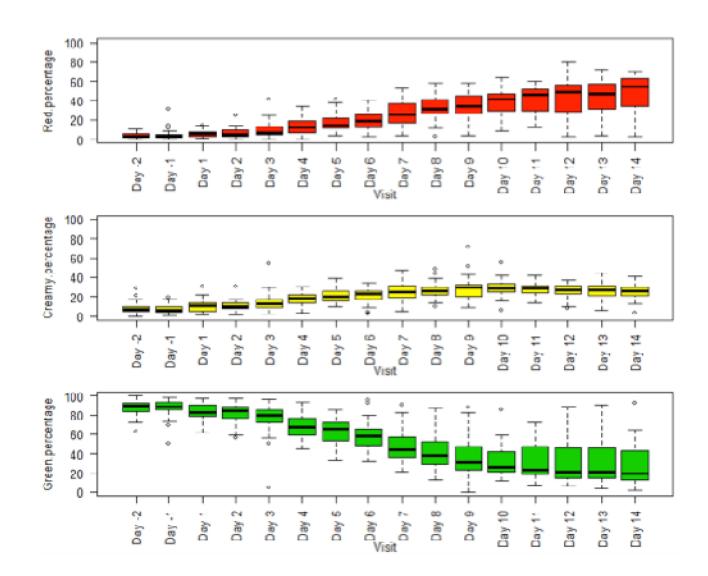
Cells counted, all (dead or alive)



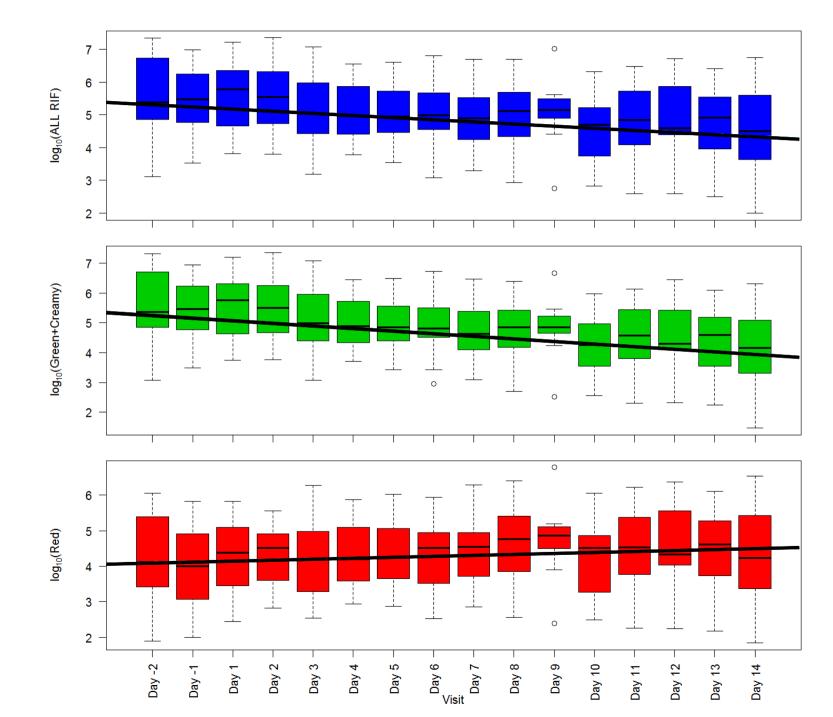
Cells counted, without treatment: stable



Percentage of colours (dead or alive)



If all cells made a CFU



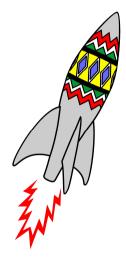
ALL

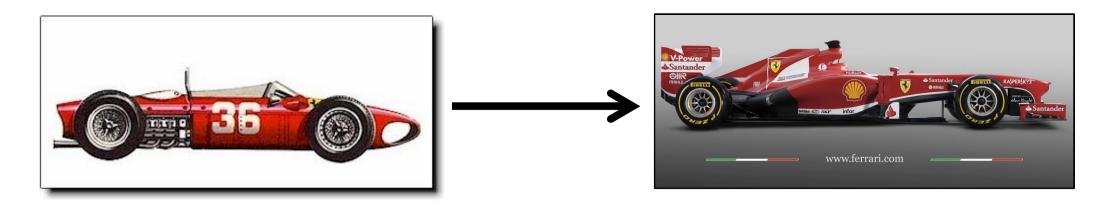
Visible CFU

Invisible CFU

Summary - TB Drug Development

- Two novel drugs approved for MDR TB
- Two 3-drug regimens in Phase III for DS TB
- Pathway for evaluation
 - 1. Mouse model
 - 2. 14-day EBA single or combinations
 - 3. 8-week studies of regimens
 - 4. Registration trials in MDR or DS TB
- Better biomarker needed





Antituberculosis agents R&D – thanks to all

