NATIONAL OSTEOPOROSIS FOUNDATION OF SOUTH AFRICA NOFSA



Teréza Hough

Fast facts on osteoporosis

- Common: 1 in 3 women; 1 in 5 men
- Silent until it's late in the day

Serious:

- ➤ Mortality following hip fracture ranges from 20 38%
- ➤ Hip #: 50% never regain ability to independent existence

Costly:

- ➤ UK £ 2.3b/yr. (£6m/d)
- ➤ USA \$14b/yr.

BURDEN OF DISEASE IN SOUTH AFRICA

- Accurate fracture data will soon be available
- Incidence in White, Asian, Mixed race? Similar to developed countries
- Aging population 16% (8 million) South Africans > 50 years.
- Extrapolated data: 1.6 million females and 0.8 million males > 50 may currently be suffering from osteoporosis
- Vertebral BMD and fractures appear to be the same in SA Black and White subjects – Afro-Americans much higher BMD than Whites. Hip BMD higher in Black population

An enormous burden worldwide

1/3

1/3

1/3

1/5

GLOBALLY

OVER 50

WILL SUFFER AN

OSTEOPOROTIC

FRACTURE

+8.9
million
FRACTURES
ANNUALLY

1 fracture every 3 sec **HIP FRACTURE INCREASE**

1990 → 2050





Disability and loss of independence



MORE DAYS
IN HOSPITAL
THAN OTHER DISEASES LIKE

BREAST CANCER MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION DIABETES & OTHERS



Underdiagnosed and undertreated

3 OF VERTEBRAL FRACTURES COME TO CLINICAL ATTENTION

~ **80**% OF PEOPLE

WHO HAVE HAD AT LEAST ONE OSTEOPOROTIC FRACTURE, ARE NEITHER IDENTIFIED NOR TREATED FOR OSTEOPOROSIS





PEOPLE WITH
TYPE 1 DIABETES
HAVE LOWER BONE
MINERAL DENSITY
AND A HIGHER RISK
OF OSTEOPOROTIC
FRACTURES



INCIDENCE OF FRACTURES IN COELIAC SUFFERERS IS HIGHER COMPARED TO NON-SUFFERERS, WITH INCREASES OF 90% AND ALMOST 80% FOR HIP AND WRIST FRACTURES

Hip fracture

LOSS OF FUNCTION AND INDEPENDENCE AMONG SURVIVORS

40% UNABLE TO WALK INDEPENDENTLY 60% REQUIRE
ASSISTANCE A YEAR LATER 33% **Mortality DEPENDENT** OR IN A NURSING **UP TO 20-24% HOME IN THE YEAR** IN THE FIRST YEAR **FOLLOWING AFTER A HIP FRACTURE** A HIP FRACTURE 50% OF PEOPLE WITH ONE OSTEOPOROTIC FRACTURE WILL HAVE ANOTHER

Table 1. Evidence-based clinical efficacy of medications

	Fracture risk reduction in dinical trials			Route of administration/dosing	Key
Medication	Spine	Hip	Nonvertebral	regimen	reference
Antiresorptive medications					
Bisphosphonates					
Alendronate	Χ	Χ	Χ	Orally weekly	[14]
Risedronate	Χ	Χ	X	Orally weekly/monthly	[15,16]
Ibandronate	Χ			Orally daily/monthly; i.v. quarterly	[1 <i>7</i>]
Zoledronic acid	Χ	Χ	Χ	i.v. annually	[18]
Raloxifenea	Χ			Orally daily	[19]
Denosumab	Χ	Χ	Χ	Subcutaneously semi-annually	[20]
Anabolic agents					
Teriparatide	X		χ	Subcutaneously daily	[21]

i.v., intravenous.

^aRaloxifene has been shown to reduce the risk of invasive breast cancer [22].

Table 1. Principal Conclusions About Drug Efficacy/Effectiveness and Adverse Events

Variable Efficacy/Effectiveness Alendronate Ibandronate Risedronate Zoledronic acid Denosumab Teriparatide Zoledronic acid Vertebral Fractures in women with osteoporosis Nonvertebral fracture in women with osteoporosis Strong Number needed to treat, 60–89 to prevent 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treatment Number needed to treat, 50–60 to prevent 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treatment Number needed to treat, 50–60 to prevent 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treatment Vertebral Fractures in women with osteoporosis Number needed to treat, 50–60 to prevent 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treatment Vertebral Fractures in men with osteoporosis Novertebral fracture in women with osteoporosis Number needed to treat, 50–60 to prevent 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treatment Number needed to treat, 50–60 to prevent 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treatment Number needed to treat, 50–60 to prevent 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treatment Number needed to treat, 50–60 to prevent 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treatment Number needed to treat, 50–60 to prevent 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treatment Number needed to treat, 50–60 to prevent 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treatment Number needed to treat, 50–60 to prevent 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treatment Number needed to treat, 50–60 to prevent 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treatment 1 fracture over 1–3 y of treat	8	W W		<u> </u>		
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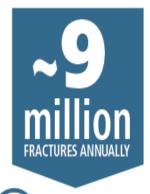
Ann Intern Med. 2014;161(10):711-723



10F Global Patient Charter



Despite its severe impact, osteoporosis remains severely underdiagnosed and undertreated. **This must stop!**



1 FRACTURE every 3 sec



HIP FRACTURE INCREASE

1990 → 2050





OF VERTEBRAL FRACTURES COME TO CLINICAL ATTENTION

NEEDS

Availability of Medication & Diagnostic tools (DXA) Fracture Liaison Service (FLS) (Capture the first fracture)

- Timely and accurate assessment of # risk, fall risk and diagnosis of osteoporosis
- Patient Care: Access to effective intervention options Regular drug treatment review
- Patient Voice: Involvement and choice in management plan
- Support: Care and support from society and HCP's to ensure independent living
- PMB/CDL

CHALLENGES

- OP not health priority
- o Myths
- o SAHPRA
- Funding for epidemiologic studies not available

EXPECTATIONS

Policy Makers, Health Authorities And Government

- □ Support Coordinated models of Care (FLS) to help reduce the global human and socio-economic burden of Fragility Fractures
- Actively involve Patient Societies and Key Opinion Leaders in the field in decision making



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